

AN ACT

To Promote the Sheep Industry and Provide A Tax On Dogs.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

1. Each year every dog over four months old shall be listed for taxation as herein provided, either by the owner or by the assessor in the name of the owner, without fixing any valuation thereon. Provided, The owner may, if he so desires, affix any value thereto he wishes. Every person who keeps or harbors a dog, or who knowingly permits the keeping or harboring of a dog upon his premises, shall, for the purpose of listing and taxation, be deemed the owner thereof; and the assessor and his deputies shall ascertain the owner or harbors of each dog within his territory, and list and return the same by magisterial districts. The Auditor shall provide blank spaces in assessors' books and schedules, and the assessor, in listing a dog, shall enter its description upon the schedule, stating the kind, sex, age, color, size and name, if any.

2. The owner of every dog over four months of age shall pay a license tax thereon of one dollar. The first assessment under this act shall be made in the year 1906, between the fifteenth day of September and the thirty-first day of December. Said license tax shall be due and collectible as other taxes, and collected by the sheriff and reported to the Auditor and paid to the Treasurer, but the sheriff shall keep such license tax on dogs separate from other funds, and so report to the Auditor and pay to the Treasurer, and the Treasurer and Auditor shall keep separate accounts of such taxes by counties. The amount collected by license tax on dogs shall be used to indemnify losses by the killing or injuring of sheep by dogs, as herein provided.

3. Whenever any sheep are killed or injured by dogs, the owner or person having custody of same shall, without delay and within twenty-four hours after such killing or injury is made known to him, notify the magistrate in whose district the sheep are located and make affidavit setting forth the number of sheep killed and the number injured, the kind, grade or quality, amount and nature of injury thereto, and that such damage was not caused in whole or in part by a dog owned or harbored by him, and that he does not know whose dog caused the damage, or, if known, and such account reduced to judgment could not be collected on execution. The magistrate shall then appoint two disinterested and discreet freeholders of the neighborhood where the injury was done, to appraise the damage, and shall furnish them with claimant's affidavit or a copy thereof, and the appraisers shall forthwith examine such sheep and make a written report on the claim to the magistrate, who shall forthwith forward the claimant's affidavit and the appraiser's report to the county clerk, together with his recommendation endorsed thereon. The clerk shall file same in his office and endorse thereon the date of such filing. The magistrate and each of the appraisers shall be allowed fifty cents for their services, to be paid out of the dog tax fund of such county as other claims.

4. At each meeting of the fiscal court the claims for loss or damage to sheep, which have been filed not less than thirty days prior to such meeting, shall be taken up and considered, and rejected, or, if correct and just, allow the same, or such parts thereof as may be deemed right: Provided, That the fiscal court may require additional evidence on any such claims, either by oral testimony or affidavit. Such claims as are allowed shall be filed with the Auditor, who shall, after the first of January of each year, take up all such claims by counties, and draw up his warrants upon the Treasurer in favor of claimant for the amount allowed by the fiscal court. Provided, If the amount of the dog tax fund to the credit of any county be not sufficient to pay all claims for such county, the Auditor shall pro rate the claims from such county. Any surplus remaining to the credit of a county after all such claims are allowed shall be transferred to the credit of the school fund of such county.

5. Every person owning or harboring a dog shall be liable to the party injured for all damages done by such dog; but no recovery shall be had for personal injuries to any person when they are upon the premises of the owner of the dog after night, or upon the owner's premises engaged in some unlawful act in the day time. Whenever re-

covery is had before any court for damages to sheep by a dog, the court may order the defendant to kill or cause to be killed such dog within two days after the rendition of the judgment.

6. Any dog returned for taxation and the tax on which is paid when due, shall be regarded as property and shall be entitled to same protection as live stock. The owner of any dog listed for taxation which may be injured or killed contrary to law, or carried or enticed away from the premises of the owner or harbors, for the purpose of killing or injuring such animal, or depriving the owner thereof, may recover exemplary damages of the person for so killing or injuring or enticing away such dog: Provided, That, in the trial of any action for damages arising under this section it shall be competent to offer in evidence whether in listing such dog any value was affixed by the owner and the amount of such valuation. And any person violating the provisions of this section shall be liable to prosecution as in case of injuring any live stock or personal property of another.

7. Any owner or harbors of a dog, subject to be taxed, who shall fail or refuse to list same with the assessor, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$10 for each dog he so fails or refuses to list for taxation; and any person who shall keep or harbor a dog upon his premises or elsewhere, and who fails or refuses to pay tax thereon when due, shall be fined in any sum not exceeding \$25 for each offense and, upon conviction, the judgment may include an order requiring such dog to be killed, which order may be executed by any peace officer, who shall be allowed \$1 therefor, to be taxed as costs. It shall be the duty of the sheriff and his deputies, and each constable in his district, to kill or cause to be killed any dog, the owner of which has failed or refused to pay the tax thereon when due, and for each dog so killed, without the order of a court, such officer shall be allowed by the fiscal court fifty cents, to be paid out of the dog tax fund. For the purpose of this act, the tax on dogs shall be considered due on the first day of March of each year: Provided however, The sheriff may collect such tax at any time and in such a manner as taxes are now collectible by law.

8. If any person shall willfully poison any dog not his own, and not upon the premises of the one so poisoning, shall be fined not less than \$5 nor more than \$25. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be liable in damages for any dog poisoned thereby. But nothing herein shall be construed to affect or render invalid any ordinance of any city providing for killing dogs running at large.

9. A justice of the peace, on proof that any dog is mad, or has been bitten by a mad dog, or has killed or wounded any sheep, shall order such dog to be killed; and the officer who executes the order shall be paid one dollar by the owner of the dog and collected as costs. If any person shall conceal a dog so ordered to be killed, or prevent the execution of the order, he shall be fined \$5 for every day he shall so offend. Any mad dog or dogs having the disease known as the "rabies" may be killed by any person.

10. That an act, entitled "An act to amend chapter 29, General Statutes," approved May 17, 1886, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, and all laws in conflict with this act, are to the extent of such conflict, hereby repealed.

Approved March 1, 1906.

LAWS REGULATING

The Granting or Cancellation of Liquor Licenses.

WHO WILL ENFORCE THE LAW

Who Are the Guardians of The Peace and Good Name of Our City?

Mt. Sterling is a city of the Fourth Class.

Under the heading, Municipal Corporations, Fourth Class—Legislative Department, Section 8490, subsection 27, on page 1286 of the Kentucky Statutes, we read the following which at this time and under existing conditions, is interesting and instructive:

27. *Liquors—license, regulation or restraint of sale—fee.* The council shall have power, by ordinance, to license, permit, regulate or restrain the sale of all kinds of vinous, spirituous or malt liquors within the limits of the city, or to restrain or prohibit the sale thereof within one mile of the limits thereof, provided nothing herein shall be construed as granting the power or right to one town or city to license, permit, regulate, restrain or prohibit the sale of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors in any other town or city, and may fix the penalty or fine for violation of an ordinance under this section at any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars: *Provided*, That no license to sell such liquors, to be drunk on the premises where sold, granted under this section, shall be for a less amount than two hundred and fifty dollars nor for a greater amount than one thousand dollars. For license to sell same by retail, for medicinal purposes, they may charge not less than fifty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. For license to sell same by retail in quantities not less than a quart they may charge not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars. The board of council shall, at any time, have the power and authority to refuse to grant any license, and to suspend or revoke any license granted under or by virtue of the authority conferred by this section, when the board shall deem it necessary so to do in order to preserve the peace or good morals of said town, and said board of council shall be the exclusive judges of the necessity.

What Does The Saloon Stand For? Editor Advocate:

After reading the report of the convention of liquor dealers I have come to the conclusion that the saloon business is doomed. It plainly shows that the saloonists were very much in need of practical points when they declared that drinking beer is temperance. This assertion will have no weight with the farmers because they know it is a willful lie. Saloonists cannot describe their infernal institution. It has been described—especially by their customers.

In first place, what does the American saloon stand for? Does it make men pure in thought, faithful, chaste and beautiful? Does it sanctify the home and sweep the soul heavenward in its aspirations for everlasting righteousness? The liquor dealer would say yes but we know he is lying.

We know that the American saloon is the place where candidates for hell are made. It destroys the body and damns the soul. It is the trap that catches the youth; it is the wreck of manhood and despair of old age. It populates the poor houses and asylums and crowds the penitentiaries. It brightens the sweetest roses of charity. It is the greatest force for evil out of hell. The work of the saloon is darkness in the home, a cloud in the church and light in the soul of man. Three-fourths of the poverty and crime comes from the whiskey bottle.

What is the saloon's position in the political field? Do they want the best men sent to congress? Do they have any respect for law? No. They work against purity. The saloon demoralizes the ballot, bribes justice and legislation, assassinates law and poisons and debauches society. How many of our prominent men ever visited in the saloon when they were boys? No, say. The saloon is a menace to society. It places man below the level of the brutes. It has no place under the stars and stripes.

Local Option vs. Licensed Saloons To Whom it May Concern:

THE STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF HILL.

This is to certify that after a careful inspection and close examination of the records of the Corporation and other Courts of Hubbard City, Texas, for two years immediately preceding and for two years immediately subsequent to the opening of saloons in said city the following is a correct statement and true comparison of the criminal cases appearing on the dockets of said courts during said time:

First—Before the legalized sale of whiskey and under local option, beginning April 1st, 1903, and terminating June 1st, 1905:

Drunkennes, disturbing peace, affrays, etc., 54; other miscellaneous offenses, 28; total cases under local option for two years, 82.

Second—After the repeal of local option and under the licensed saloon system, beginning June 1st, 1905, and terminating June 1st, 1907:

Drunkennes, disturbing peace, affrays, etc., 212; other miscellaneous offenses, 70; total cases under licensed saloons for two years, 282; increase under saloons for two years, 200.

During the SIX years of local option immediately preceding the victory of the Anti in 1900, there was filed in all said courts combined only 317 cases or 83 cases less than was filed for only TWO years of legitimate traffic in liquor.

Witness my hand this 8th day of June, A. D., 1905.

LES FRISER, City Atty.

A corporation is known by the men it keeps.

Saloons That Kill the Liquor Business.

'Down here in Kentucky we have distilleries worth many millions, and stocks in hand worth say \$50,000,000, and a good will in the reputation of this State for making fine whiskey that is as great an asset that we do not know how to place a value upon it, yet we are assured by men within the trade who are watching the progress of events that the time is near at hand when in 113 out of 119 counties in Kentucky it will be unlawful to ship whiskey wine, or beer, or to offer it for sale—and this because the saloon business is conducted contrary to the views of the general public and because the accusations made against the legitimate wine and spirit trade, being unanswered, stands for truths.

It's a great mistake to shut our eyes to facts or our ears to truths, and this is what we are doing when we stand sponsor for saloons that disregard law; saloons that sell their customers beer or whiskey until reason is overthrown; saloons that we would shudder at our boys visiting; saloons that we would oppose in our own neighborhood; saloons that bring our businesses into disrepute and from which spring the tremendous movements that threaten to overthrow our trade; and we are failing utterly to exercise the right of self-defense when we neglect to make war on resorts of this character and to offer to legislatures, and to city councils, suggestions as to how the retail liquor business may be elevated and the men connected with it encouraged to reform it in every particular.

The above is from a whiskey journal Bonforte, and was reported at the recent Louisville Convention of Wholesale Liquor Dealers. They concede even more than the most enthusiastic temperance advocates dare to even hope.—The Kentucky Issue.

Things are coming our way. Whiskey men are helping too. Three men shot in one saloon, a gambling game in another, and boys 14 and 17 drunk on our streets tell.—Ed. Advocate.

SICKNESS IN MT. STERLING

More Cases of Illness This Spring Than in Former Years.

Physicians and druggists say there are more cases of illness in Mt. Sterling this Spring than in former years. Perhaps there is not so much serious sickness, but Spring languor, loss of appetite, headaches, sleeplessness, back aches, weakness and debility, indigestion and other ills that result from indigestion or an overworked stomach, are more common than they have been for some years past.

This has resulted in an unusual demand for Mi-on-a stomach tablets at W. S. Lloyd's. Before he felt that he could recommend this remedy, he tested it rigidly in many cases of heart-burn, indigestion, wind on the stomach, debility, and other troubles that result from a weakened digestion, with the greatest success.

In fact, Mi-on-a has been so uniformly successful in curing all stomach troubles that W. S. Lloyd gives a signed guarantee with every 50c box to refund the money if it does not cure.

To vote saloons out of your town is a sure way to boom it, but to keep them in town is to place a boom-crang in the municipal hand, which only results in shooting arrows with poisoned heads not only into the legal and financial affairs of the town, but into the most sacred institutions and the happiest homes.—Kentucky Issue.



Globe-Werrie ELASTIC BOOKCASE

is the original and only perfect sectional bookcase made. The doors are non-binding, dust-proof, operate on roller bearings, and positively cannot get out of order. Bases furnished with or without drawers. Call and see them, or send for catalog with interior views showing them artistically arranged in library, parlor, den, hall, etc. No. 105 is the catalogue to ask for.

Not Only

have in a new line of Globewerrie. BOOK CASES, but also a new and much nicer line of

All Kinds of Furniture

All we ask is for you to come and look, and we will make the PRICE THAT SUITS you. Will be glad to show you through our stock any day.

FIN LINE of Reed & Kattan GOODS will be in, in a few days. Come and see for yourselves. Bring your friends along.

W. A. SUTTON & SON.

Cor. Bank and Main St.

ABODES HAVE LITTLE HEAT

People of Genoa, Italy, Enjoy Temperature Which Would Chill the Average American.

The Genoese are not accused of being too fond of the artificial high temperature which we maintain in America. Their houses, in fact, are constructed to contend entirely with summer heat and not with winter cold, being all built of stone, with enormously thick walls, floors of marble mosaic, ceilings from 10 to 15 feet high, and later partition walls nearly two feet thick. A diminutive open fireplace, a ridiculously small oil stove or nothing but a little charcoal brazier is depended on to warm a vast room which is sumptuous in everything but comfort as we understand the word, says the New York Herald.

Hotels, even of the best class, are very slow in being provided with the so-called "central heating," while some of the finest old palaces are warmed no better than they were when erected centuries ago. Churches, public buildings, theaters and halls make no pretense of being heated at all.

Such being the case, and the native people wholly indifferent to a winter temperature which chills an American, the demand for stoves is naturally not very lively among them; but there are some 3,000 or 4,000 foreigners living here, and all fairly well to do, besides the thousands of travelers constantly coming and going, all of whom prefer better heated houses and hotels. The Genoese himself enjoys the outdoor air and puts on heavier clothing only when he comes inside his "marble halls."

LOOK FOR MORE 'QUAKES

Geologist Asserts Growing Mountain Ranges Are Source of Danger on Pacific Coast.

Disquieting to dwellers on the Pacific seaboard, and profoundly interesting to the geologists, are the remarkable conclusions drawn by Dr. C. Davidson, who is an authority on the topic of earthquakes, from the San Francisco disaster. He says that in the western United States we are presented with mountains in four stages of growth. In the Rockies they have reached the stage of youthful vigorous growth, with the possibility of long and active growth before them; while still further to the west, and not yet risen above the ocean there seems to be an embryonic range of which the San Francisco and other earthquakes are the birth throes. When the city on the beautiful San Francisco harbor comes to celebrate its millennial anniversary its people may be able to confirm or disprove this geologic forecast.

IN WHAT STATE?



"Did you notice those handsome under bottles on the table, colonel?" "Didn't pay much attention to them. Something used very little down our way."

Invisible to Some.

"Henry," said Mrs. Meeker, as she laid aside the paper, "I don't see the point to those everlasting ink jokes about a man being invisible."

"No, I suppose not, my dear," replied Mr. Meeker; "neither does the man."

Explanation.

Myer—Your friend Cutler all ways speaks well of everybody. Geyer—More force of habit. Myer—How's that? Geyer—He used to carve eye taphs on tombstones.

PRINCESS WAS A TOMBOY.

Consort of King Alfonso of Spain Remembered as a High-Spirited Almost Boyish Girl.

Those who had the privilege of personal acquaintance with the former Princess Ena a few years ago and remember what a high-spirited, almost boyish little girl she was, writes a correspondent, cannot help wondering how the new queen of Spain will like the extreme ceremony of her new country, says M. A. P. Being constantly with her brothers during play hours, the young princess took part in most of their recreations. Whenever the duke of Connaught's family were near Princess Patricia usually joined her Hattenberg cousins, and many a good romp the young people indulged in. After Princess Ena was promoted to wear her fair hair in a "pigtail" her younger brothers used to tease her dreadfully, watching their opportunity to pull the long, thick plait, and then assuming an innocent air when the royal visit turned round to discover the offending one. She once, indeed, administered a well-deserved punishment to a youthful prince whose energy considerably outran his discretion.

BEAUTY OF JAPAN'S WOODS

Many Varieties and All of Excellent Quality—Oak Trees in the North Grow to Large Size.

Japanese woods are as beautiful as Japanese landscapes. The oak trees of northern Japan, grow to a large size, but on account of the nature of the ground it is difficult to get out large pieces. The usual sizes are from 12 to 35 inches square, and from 8 to 30 feet long, and the timber is of excellent quality. The next wood in importance is ash, of which there are about 12 varieties, two of which specially are sought for at the present time, one a beautiful curly ash, and another with a wavy grain. Both are used by Japanese carriage builders for panels. There are some ten varieties of maple; one is a beautiful bird's eye, another has a flowery grain. The ash is used for making furniture, for which it is well adapted, since it gives a good polish, does not warp, and is quite hard and lasts well. This wood and the ash come in logs up to 48 inches square.

Reliable, But Not Labeled.

Two fishermen were talking about one of their friends who had been killed the day before by a premature blast, says an exchange.

"It's an awful thing, Pat, the way poor Dinny was talk," observed Casey.

"It is, it is," replied Pat, feelingly.

"A fine name was Dinny."

"He was that."

"A fine shoveler, sure he was the finest shoveler on the job."

"He was a good shoveler," admitted Pat.

"As good a shoveler as youse find in a year lookin'."

"He was a good shoveler, a good shoveler he was, but he was not what you would call a 'fancy shoveler.'"

Osone a New Air Product.

Osone is not ozone. It is a new product of an electro-chemical company of New York, and is a specially prepared fused form of sodium peroxide having the peculiar property of emitting free oxygen when it comes in contact with carbon dioxide charged with moisture. It is a bluish gray color, and is cast in small blocks which are packed in airtight cans, and in this form is easily transported. It is believed that by the use of osone the air in submarine boats may be kept fresh for many hours at a time.

An Interruption.

The Fourth of July elocutionist, rolling his eyes, shouted:

"Farewell, dear wife, the patriot cried, and commended her to his breast and sighs."

"Which side, mister?" interrupted a little boy with a cannon cracker.

Diagnosis by Elimination.

Patient—But are you sure I have appendicitis?

Doctor—I am; my other patients have all left town for the summer.

One Year's Liquor Bill.

Mrs. Marie Brehm, president of Illinois W. C. T. U. is authority for the following:

"If I had the spending of the liquor bill of the U. S. for one year, I could build a city of ten thousand homes and put into each, \$10,000 worth of furniture. I could give to every drunkard in the U. S. \$100, to the wife of every drunkard a new dress and a suit of clothes to all their children. I could add an extra 1,000 to the salary of every minister of the gospel in the U. S. give \$250,000 to each state and territory for education, and \$50,000 to each for libraries, and they have enough left to give to every man, woman and child in the U. S. a \$5 gold piece."

A healthy man is a king in his own right; an unhealthy man is an unhappy slave. Burdock Blood Bitters build up sound health—keeps you well. 51-4t.

Men Who Seek Employment 365 Days in the Year.

We quote from the Reporter of our city, the following on July 16:

"No chain can possibly be stronger than its weakest link. No race can possibly be stronger than its weakest members."

"While we have a certain extent boasted of our Great and Good men are unparalleled success, we have you remember that every day has its clouds, every race has its thorns and every race has its weak. The careless and unconcerned Negro tends to place the other fellow in a bad light with the rest of the race. The charge that we are immoral in a strong point made against us by our enemies. Those members of our race who take no thought as to what to do tomorrow will bring forth, those who stay on the streets from morning till night, one day after another, who never seek employment of any kind, whose highest ambition is to be able to inhale the smoke of cigarettes or swear very fluently and engage in burlesquing, are the weak links in our racial chain. Since these characters are always seen by the other people, they conclude that the best of the race countenance the conduct of these persons. By these characters we are judged. In this article we would have you understand that it is as much impossible for one of our race to suffer without all suffering as it is for one member of the body to suffer independently of the others. Since this is true let us begin to mend the broken links in this chain and to repair the broken parts. You certainly will not charge us of hypocrisy when we say there are some weak members in our race. Yes, weak along all lines. I need not point out the weak ones but we can better have you see the weak ones by pointing out to you the strong."

"Those members of our race who represent the strong links are those who seek employment 365 days in a year, those persons who when not employed stay at home, those persons who attend church on Sunday, those who pay their honest debts, those who are never seen follow the garbage cart and those who seek to do all they can to raise the standard of the race. To make out of the weak members of the race strong ones will require an individual effort on the part of every member of the race."

A man is rich when he has what he really needs.

For Fresh Groceries at Correct Prices, for Choice Strawberries and All Fruits and Vegetables in season call at

M. F. HINSON'S,
LOCUST and BANK STS.
Phone 726.

Farm For Sale.

A farm of 115 acres, 5 miles from Mt. Sterling, Well improved and watered, new barn, good residence, and all in grass. Will sell cheap. 26-1t.

How Gladys Fared.

BY IDA SHEPHER.

(Copyright, 1906, by Daily Story Pub. Co.)

McQuire languidly watched the smoke curl from his cigar, play in swirling circles about his shapely face and head, then flout off to the realms of pipe dreams. Presently a dreamy, satisfied smile stole into his blue eyes. He was so sure of her truth, in integrity and love for himself, Adorable Lora. He was hastening back to her and their wedding day at steamer speed. Too long had he strayed from her heart, her caresses, her perfect arms.

The half closed door of his room let in the sound of voices. The day was warm and languorous. It was Ed. Rainey and Tom Larkin. McQuire had run into them somewhere abroad. They were coming home on the same steamer. McQuire had not wanted to listen, but what would you do when people will talk in your hearing?

"Gone, gone had, isn't he?" Rainey was saying. "Believe that Lora is innocent person. Doesn't know that she's a good five years or more older than himself. Don't guess that she's out on all there's in it to marry a fortune. Don't know that she's, in turn, been sweet hearted to all of us or anything of that affair of hers and Lambert's, does he?"

McQuire's cigar dropped from his parted lips. The red leaped in an ugly flame to his face. They were talking, these friends of his, of the girl he was to marry. His right hand opened to slay the little Rainey fair in his humiliating mouth. Larkin's answer came slowly, let were not at his pipe. "McQuire is young. She isn't good enough for him, that's only too true. But, Rainey, the girl was only a little reckless, too much of a flirt. Nothing worse. Lambert is a liar. His word don't go for a flip. The girl is pure if she does like money too well, even to the point of pretending love for it. Then it may not be pretense. McQuire's a good looking and nobody's fool, if he was born to revel in gold."

"Lora would not marry any man unless he brought her gold," Rainey still persisted. "Oh, you need not worry about shutting the door; McQuire's on the dock. I saw him go up an hour ago."

McQuire fingered and worried about the cabin for an hour after. Got a doubt of Lora's love edged itself in his mind. No one but himself had ever possessed her heart. Of that he was sure. Gold, why how often he had wished that she might lose his money, that she might the better show her disinterested love for her betrothed.

After while the plan he would work to confute these friends came crowding itself into his head. It was neither new or original, but it would do.

Rainey and Larkin found him dull company forthwith. Then his reason came out. He had received a telegram at starting. Hoped it was not so bad as he feared. His fortune, to the last dollar, was in jeopardy. He had made some foolish investment. Further he would not talk. Simply moped, smoked and read.

"Rainey, the little sneak, will go straight to Boston and tell Lora," McQuire thought to himself. "Nothing will suit him better. Nothing will suit me better, either."

From New York McQuire wrote a brief letter to Lora:

"My Dearest: I'm viewing the hole where it has all gone down. You no doubt have heard of the Parkinson company crash? The private fortunes they swamped with their own stupendous failure? I have trusted Parkinson as I might have my father, had I one at present. Well, I'm not going to cry over spilled milk. It's done, and can't be helped. I can work for my darling. I have youth, health, strength and intellect. You know I studied law. Behold a future Webster in your husband. I cannot wait to see you. Lovingly, Phil."

Rainey was with Lora when she received this epistle. He watched her pretty face turn pale, then flushed. She played nervously with the costly diamond ring McQuire had given

her. Rainey, searching her face, asked:

"Of course it's love in a coil, is it?"

"Of course it isn't," she flayed. "It is a fact that he was fool enough to trust his immense fortune in the keeping of that company he refers to?"

"Guess he did. He was tolerably frank about the matter. He is playing cheerful to you in this letter. He believes that nothing would separate your love from him."

"What?" she nearly shrieked; "murder in a jamper? Bah, he hasn't brains enough to get a first client. He do kitchen work and make my own clothes for love's sake? Well, hardly. I have no offer of marriage from old Phil. He's no fool to trust his money to such men as Larkin and I will accept his offer, and send back poor Phil the engagement ring. It will bring him several hundred dollars. He needs that now more than he does love."

"But, Lora, sniff is 75," ventured Rainey.

"Which it were 95, then I'd sooner be rid of him."

"When he does, of course you will marry me? You know that it is me you have always loved best, Lora. Pity you and I were born honest, but poor."

For an answer Lora playfully tapped his cheek with McQuire's letter. Then ordered him home, as she must go to her room and think out his answer.

Phil was nearly a month getting over everything that followed that letter. At the end of that time he was as good as new.



and could tranquilly unload all those boxes of fine stuff, jewels and what not he had picked up on Lora across the water. There was nobody now to unload them on but his cousin Gladys, a young lady of Lora's set.

Gladys shortly went calling on Lora, her cousin's late betrothal ring shining on her hand.

It wasn't fitting for Lora to notice this, but she did the lovely bracelets Gladys was wearing. "A gift from Cousin Phil?" the girl quite innocently answered; and this costly fabric of which this dress is made, and this \$100 collar, and the necklace, and so many, many things he gave me. I cannot name them all," she added.

"I never knew that you had a cousin so fond of you. Seems to me that I hear of your cousin lost all his money?" Lora's eyes were wide with surprised inquiry.

"Oh, no," Gladys went on, still more innocently. "Phil never lost his money. Not a cent. He was engaged to some girl. I couldn't get him to tell me who. He brought her so many presents from abroad. Then, because one of the friends he came home with bet him, or something like that, his affianced wouldn't marry him if he were to lose his money, wrote her he had lost all. Phil lost the bet, of course, but wasn't it lucky for me?"

"Lucky for her," Lora gasped when Gladys had gone. "And wasn't I a fool? The whole thing was planned by that despicable Rainey. I see it now."

Disappointed.

Mayme—Why did you allow him to turn down the gas?

Edyth—Oh, merely out of curiosity. I wanted to see if he would try to kiss me.

Mayme—And was your curiosity satisfied?

Edyth—I should say not. He only kissed me once.

HERE AT HOME.

Mt. Sterling Citizens Gladly Testify and Candidly Recommend Doan's Kidney Pills.

It is testimony like the following that has placed Doan's Kidney Pills so far above competitors. When people right here at home raise their voices in praise there is no room left for doubt. Read the public statement of a Mt. Sterling, citizen:

Mrs. Pamela A. Fletcher, of Queen Street, says: "For years I had kidney complaint, pains across the small of my back and over my kidneys, dreadful aching in my back and hips was sometimes so lame across my back that I could not stoop and there was also difficulty with the kidney secretions. I used different medicines and prescriptions which seemed at the time to relieve me, but I obtained no lasting benefit. I read about Doan's Kidney Pills and a relative of mine got a box for me at F. C. Duerson's drug store. I used them as directed and they helped me in every way. My back felt very much better and stronger and the annoying and distressing kidney weakness was greatly relieved. My brother Strotter D. Carrington, of Paris, Ky., who had suffered a good many years with kidney trouble, also used Doan's Kidney Pills and found the results most beneficial. [Doan's Kidney Pills are certainly worthy of recommendation.]"

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and take nothing else. 12t.

Echoes From Bath County.

"After 6 months of local option we cannot see that the county is in anything like the dead condition predicted in case the 'winksky was voted out.' It is true that there is a severe drought among the old copper-lined toppers, and they are forced to go to Mt. Sterling for their showers."

As far as I have been over the county there is a marked improvement in morale and a decided dearth of the Saturday night brawl and Monday morning police court trial.

For a while the back lines did a land-office business hauling jugs and jags. But since the law went into effect prohibiting the transportation of liquor into local option counties the above nuisance has been minimized. One hopeful sign, we are glad to note, is a disposition to obey the law."

How To Save Money.

In these times when living expenses have increased from thirty to fifty per cent, it is unusual to hear of a standard remedy being offered at half price.

Yet that is this way W. S. Lloyd, the popular druggist, is selling Dr. Howard's celebrated specific for the cure of dyspepsia and constipation. In addition to selling a fifty cent bottle, containing a month's treatment of sixty doses, for 25 cents, he gives his personal guarantee with every bottle he sells to refund the money if it does not give satisfactory results.

This unusual offer has brought hundreds of customers to his store in the last few weeks, yet out of the many bottles of Dr. Howard's specific he has sold, but one customer has asked to have the money returned. This was done without any questions, although W. S. does not think the remedy could have been given a fair trial.

J-25-A-1E.

Don't fail to investigate the Niagara Falls Excursion which will be conducted by J. D. Wyatt, leaving Mt. Sterling on the morning of July 28, with special Pullman sleepers for Winchester direct to the Falls. \$25.00 pays your entire expense from Mt. Sterling to the Falls and return. 52-3t.

BY FRANK H. MELOON.

"Hang the train!" exclaimed the young lawyer, savagely. "Listen to me!" There was a new note of command in his voice, and Editha appeared resigned. Like most girls, she favored masterfully men.

"In a few minutes, Editha, the train may—" "Why?" she won-

Depends Upon the Viewpoint.
 "So, Tommie, you wish to be excused from school this afternoon?"
 "Yes'm."
 "Is your excuse a good one or is it lame?"
 "Both, ma'am."

Free Conveyance to and from Depot.
Convenient Sample Rooms
Telephone Connection All Points
Magnificent Scenery and the
Famous Pan Handle
In Front of the Hotel.

Bound To.

"Mrs. Backbite is having a lot of trouble in business."

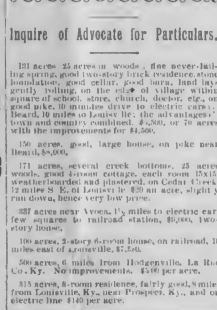
"Oh, well, she'll land on her feet all right."

"What makes you think so?"

"Because she's a cat."—Detroit Free Press

FOR SALE.

Because we are putting gas through our residence we have four good stoves for sale, one St Louis range and three heater. Apply at this office. *tf*



BONDS MADE AT REASONABLE
RATES.

M. J. GOODWIN,
MT STERLING, KY.

OFFICE NO. 14, COURT STREET.
OFFICE 'PHONE 314.
HOME 'PHONE 276. 15 ly

BONDS MADE AT REASONABLE
RATES.
M. J. GOODWIN,
MT STERLING, KY.
OFFICE NO. 14, COURT STREET.
OFFICE 'PHONE 314.
HOME 'PHONE 276. 15 ly



STATE AUDITOR

S. W. Hager Opened His Campaign At Mt. Sterling.

CANDIDATE FOR DEMOCRATIC NOMINATION FOR GOVERNOR OF KENTUCKY.

[CONTINUED FROM LAST WEEK.]

STEWARDSHIP.

I require all corporate interests to bear their proportion of taxation—the value of corporate franchises have been increased and that without oppression. I encourage and invite capital to this State and I note with pleasure much foreign capital seeking investment here. My campaign will be conducted on a high plane—no word of abuse shall be among my utterances. This is a contest for supremacy within a Democratic household.

In the Teachers' Registers and Trustees' Record Books question arose as to which class that character of work belonged, and Hon. Clifton J. Pratt, then Attorney General of Kentucky, decided that work belonged to the second class and was paid for according to contract under that class. An investigating committee exonerated the Board and fixed the blame, if any, upon the terms of the law.

The Fiscal Court of the State corroborated General Pratt and the Board.

STATE CAPITOL ARCHITECTS.

We are charged with contracting at \$40,000 when we could have gotten architect for \$16,000. The \$16,000 architect was never before committee and no one voted for his plans. A cheaper architect may have been employed but the Commission sought the best because Kentucky deserved to realize the best money can buy. A result that would be fitting: Increase of taxation, an increase in the amount of revenue collected is true. The State population has increased ten per cent. during the time mentioned and the cost of everything the State as consumer must buy has greatly increased. The Legislature fixes both the amount and sources of tax income and how it shall be expended.

Extraordinary expenditures have been \$75,000 to World's Fair, \$15,000 annually to State College, \$15,000 to Children's Home, \$15,000 to State Fair, \$57,000 to Confederate Veterans' Home and by increasing school term from five to six months and other smaller appropriations.

I am second to none in adherence to the principle that public office is a public trust and that money taken from the pockets of the people for the administration of the affairs of Government is a trust sacred in its nature and not a dollar should be expended except in obedience to law, and that strict economy should be observed in public expenditure.

The attorney fees on contract I have paid since coming into office as Auditor amount to \$750.00. Regarding salary rebates, the Legislature exonerated me, using the following language: "It has been shown to us by undoubted statements that the Auditor knew nothing about either the agreement made between Salmon and Thompson or that Franklin was sending \$50.00 per month to the widow of the man that formerly held the position."

Relative to the Insurance Department the Legislative Committee said: "Our attention was next directed to the Insurance Department. We found that department managed as, in our opinion, it should be managed; that there was no more help in that department than was necessary, and that the salaries were reasonable and just."

For the victories achieved while chairman of Campaign Committee the 5,000 precinct committeemen and Democratic press share with me in honor and praise.

In closing Judge Hager said: "My fellow Democrats, I believe that our party is equal to present and future responsibilities involved in directing the affairs of the great State."

Distrustful of my ability, yet offering all that I have, I am before you as a candidate for Governor—not, I beg you to believe, as the candidate of any man or set of men or of any clique or machine, but as one who, having rendered his party, and the State the most faithful and devoted service in his power, comes before the people with a pledge to serve the interests of the State and all the people, should success crown his ambition to be your Governor. I, therefore, ask your earnest consideration of my canvass and the expression of your free and independent support in the coming primary, at which it will become your privilege and your duty to choose your standard-bearers for the approaching State election, and whatever verdict you may render I shall cheerfully accept it as the will of my party and will exercise all the energies of my being to insure the triumph of the ticket that you, in your sovereign wisdom, may choose to nominate.

DIALECTS DYING OUT.

Suggested in England That Phonograph Be Employed in Preservation of Old Language.

Although nothing can be done to prevent the decay of local dialects, much can be done to preserve their records. The phonograph is being applied for this purpose both in Guernsey and in the Isle of Man. The dialect language in the former is Norman-French in the latter Manx, one of the Gaelic group.

It is believed that in the Isle of Man, with the passing away of the present generation, no one will be found to speak the dialect. The phonograph is being sent to different parts of the island by the Manx Language society; old men whose accent is pure will speak into the recorder, and the records are to be stored at Douglas.

Mr. E. D. Marquand says that the old Norman language still spoken in the Channel Islands is in its main features the same as that used by the cultured classes of England eight centuries ago; the tongue in which Taillefer sang the "Chanson de Roland" at the battle of Hastings.

"In Alderney," he says, "it will certainly have become extinct in a very few years. In Guernsey it will probably linger on for a generation or two. In Jersey Norman French will survive longest, owing partly to the larger size of the island, partly to its proximity to France, and partly also to the influx of French agricultural laborers, who spend some months each year during the farmers' busy season."

Mr. Marquand proposes using the phonograph to preserve records of the dialect poems, folk songs and folk lore of the island.

TOO MUCH EMPHASIS.

Complaint That the Average Young Girl Too-Day Converses Principally in Italics.

The average young girl converses principally in italics. She is a prodigal in emphasis and a spendthrift in superlatives. Her joy is in hyperbole. She thrives to force the conviction of her young charms on her hearers simply by stress of voice and exaggerated phraseology, says the New Orleans Picayune.

A thing of mediocre charm must needs be "perfectly lovely," with strong emphasis on both words. All adverbs are overworked in her painstaking enthusiasm, but "perfectly" is reduced to the verge of nervous prostration.

She is "simply crazy" over chocolate sundae, and her new hat is "absolutely fascinate." A dull occasion is "ghastly" and a pleasant time is "grand." She is "bored to extinction" with the greatest facility and she "collapses" at the slightest misadventure.

The fit of an unsuccessful gown is "wicked" or "heavily." She is literally "paralyzed" to find it so late and "scared stiff" at a sudden noise.

She simply "howls" instead of laughing and finds a very commonplace situation "killing."

"Like" and "dislike" in her vocabulary are ousted by "love" and "hate"—both invariably underecited. She "loves hot gingerbread" and she "hates chiffon ruffles," says an exchange.

In fact, she so recklessly squanders her verbal resources that there is nothing left her for genuine emotional emergency. "When she gets there the cupboard will be bare" and the poor girl will have to keep dumb.

Youthful Gallant.

It is reasonably safe to assume from a story in the New York Tribune that the late Henry Harland, the novelist, was shidown kept after school in his boyhood.

Among Harland's early teachers was a charming young lady, who called him up in class one morning and said to him:

"Henry, name some of the chief beauties of education."

"Schoolmistresses," the boy answered, smiling into his teacher's pretty eyes.

A man is rich when he has what he really needs.



"WE HAS 'EM"

All Sizes, All Shapes, All Kinds, All Prices.

Five Complete Lines. Select yours while our STOCK is COMPLETE.

PREWITT & HOWELL.

COLLEGES UNITED.

Holiness and Bellevue Made One At Nicholasville.

Nicholasville, Ky., July 18.—The Holiness College at Wilmore, Ky., known as Asbury, has purchased and added to its equipment the Presbyterian College, Bellevue. Bellevue is situated on a different street, only a short distance from Asbury. It consists of ten acres of ground on which are two large brick buildings.

WANTED—Gentleman or lady with good reference, to travel by rail or with a rig, for a firm of \$250,000 capital. Salary \$1,072 per year and expenses; salary paid weekly and expenses advanced. Address, with stamp, Jos. A. Alexander, Mt. Sterling, Ky. 49-17

Winchester Raising Funds the Convention.

The Commercial Club held a meeting for the purpose of taking some action toward arranging for the Kentucky State Development Convention which meets there this fall. The meeting was well attended. It was decided that it would require between \$1,500 and \$2,000 to finance the arrangements.

C. B. Fizer and E. C. Eskridge have formed a partnership to do furniture repairing, upholstery and Job work. Furniture will be bought and sold. Place of business Bank St. next to Advocate office. 48-17.

It is disclosed by evidence at Kansas City that the ice which the trust sells at \$10 a ton costs \$1.80. No wonder some of the members of the combine are dissatisfied because the price is not advanced "to more than \$10."

Cures Sick Chickens.

Houbron Poultry Cure. For sale by W. S. Lloyd. 2-4

If we ever accomplish anything along the line of moral reform, the school must teach, the church must plan, the press must proclaim, the pulpit must thunder, and the ballot must be utilized.

Don't fail to investigate the Niagara Falls Excursion which will be conducted by J. D. Wyatt, leaving Mt. Sterling on the morning of July 28, with special Pullman sleepers for Winchester, direct to the Falls. \$25.00 pays your entire expense from Mt. Sterling to the Falls and return. 52-31.

W. J. Pierce, who has been seeking the Democratic nomination in the Eighth district with fair prospects of winning, has been compelled to withdraw on account of poor health.

For the Best

Fitting, Plumbing,

Highest Grade of

Gas Stoves,

Etc., See

JOHN WILLIAM

East Main St.

Prices are exactly right. Quality the best.

\$11.00

MT. STERLING KY.

to

OLD POINT COMFORT & return

via

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO R. R.

MONDAY, JULY 23,

SATURDAY, AUGUST 11.

15 days limit, good for stopovers in the mountains. 52-5

H. A. J. PULS,

Fifth St., bet. Green and Walnut,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

Is a Dyer and Cleaner of Men's and Women's Wears. Dry Cleaning a Specialty. Prices are reasonable and work is done promptly and in the very best order.

BOTH 'PHONES 2635.

Russell Sage, the multi-millionaire, died suddenly on Sunday in his 90th year. He was largely interested in 25 railway and telegraph companies.

Madison Institute

A boarding and day school for girls and young women. Located in Richmond, Ky. Our Teachers were educated at such leading schools as Columbia University, University of Virginia, Chicago University and American Institute of Applied Music, a department of the University of New York. School of music one of the strongest in the country. Miss Clara W. Pearson, so highly commended by the New York Press and other eastern dailies as violin soloist, will have charge of musical instruments. Every safeguard thrown around the pupils committed to our care. Our location unsurpassed. Situated upon a hill within the heart of Richmond, Madison Institute is unequalled for healthfulness. Catalogues on application. Address all inquiries to

G. P. SIMMONS, President.

Box 575, Richmond, Ky.

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Is Guaranteed to
cure
CHICKEN
CHOLERA
ROUPE
and
LIMBERNECK.

NO CURE, MONEY REFUNDED.

at
DUERSON'S Drug
Store.

Phone 129 No. 7 Court St.

PERSONAL.

J. G. Trimble, Sr., went to Irvine on Saturday.

Miss Alpha Enoch is in Cleveland, Ohio, visiting relatives.

Mrs. Carr Calmes, of Clark, spent Monday with Mrs. B. P. Cockrell.

Mrs. W. C. Nesbitt and daughter, Miss Alma, are in Owingsville last week.

Miss Eva Bruton, of Chicago, and Mrs. Jas. Prewitt, of Jackson, Ky., are visiting here.

Mrs. J. W. Jones visited her sister, Mrs. Mary Metcalfe, of Owingsville, last week.

Miss Mary Greenwade, of Honeywell, Kan., is visiting Mrs. F. A. Ramsey at Jeffersonville.

Mrs. Mary Myrheir and Havens, of Lexington, are visiting Ernest Myrheir at Noblesville, Ind.

J. J. Searcy, wife and three children, of St. Louis, are visiting the Hazelriggs and other relatives.

R. D. Gaitskill and family returned Saturday night from a visit with relatives at Ford, Ky.

Miss Sallie Rogers and Miss Fannie Lillard, of Versailles, left on Monday night for Old Point.

Mrs. Nannie Bium and Miss Aesha McKee were guests of Mrs. Alex. Conner at Owingsville last week.

John Robinson has been visiting his mother at Carey, O., for a week. He returned on Monday night.

Mrs. T. F. Rogers has returned from a short and pleasant visit to friends and relatives in Flemingsburg and Mayville.

Mrs. D. M. Hurst, of Millersburg (nee Rosa Sweatnam) passed through town on Monday returning from Swango Springs.

Mrs. and Mrs. Daugherty of Lexington, after a visit with their daughter, Mrs. John Roberts, returned home on Monday.

Mrs. Fred Bassett went to Louisville on Monday to join Mrs. W. R. Nuanelley in a two months' sojourn at Bay View, Mich.

Mrs. H. C. Wassy on Tuesday returned to Paris.
A. Parker Wood, of Louisville, is spending his vacation here.

Egar Baum on Saturday returned from Portland, Oregon.
Prof. Walter Dearing and wife, of Cleveland, O., are with Mrs. Sarah Winn.

Mrs. L. E. Griggs has returned from a trip to Chautauque, N. Y., Niagara Falls, Toronto and other points.

Rev. Harry C. Gogers and family, of Fort Madison, Iowa, are expected this latter part of this week to visit his father's family in this city.

Miss Ella Trimble and Mrs. Belle Miller and niece, accompanied by Carl Mize, of Clay City, went to Hazel Green on Saturday from Torrent.

Miss Georgie Sledd is at Chautauque, N. Y., taking a special course under the famous teacher Miss Ada Van Stone Harris, Supt. of Primary and Intermediate grades of Rochester, N. Y., schools.

Mrs. J. H. Enoch, who has been here with her son, J. C. Enoch, has gone to Dayton, Ohio, and will go from there to Columbus, and before returning to her home in Kansas City, Mo., will visit here again.

Mrs. Dan Campbell who has been with the family of Barney Campbell for several days, left Monday for his home in Chicago, accompanied by Miss Alice Campbell, who has accepted a position as stenographer in Chicago.

Miss Lucy Clay Woodford has returned from a visit to Mrs. Bishop Clay. She was accompanied by Misses Belle Withers, May Belle DeLong and Katherine Jenkins, of Lexington. Miss Mary Woodford Deering, of Louisville, will also join the party.

At Winchester Miss Georgia Johnson, daughter of Russell Johnson, of our city, won a trip to Atlantic City in a contest inaugurated by the Bradley Grocery Co., of that city. She leaves about Aug. 2 for a twelve days visit with the winners in the Morning Herald contest.

Miss Paty B. Powell, of Louisville, is the guest of honor this week of Mrs. James R. Magowan's house party at his cottage at Olympia Springs. Miss Powell is not only considered a great beauty, but carries with her a charm of manner, and her bright originality and sparkling repartee will add much to the enjoyment of the party.

Entire satisfaction and perfect fit guaranteed. Your patronage solicited.
52-31. The B. B. Shoe Co.

The campaign for candidate for Congressman in nearing a close. It has been conducted on a high plain, free of mud slinging. Judge Cooper's friends claim his nomination on the first ballot.

President Roosevelt will appoint Sidney Smith Lee, Jr., grandnephew of Gen. R. E. Lee, second lieutenant in the United States Marine Corps.

Last Week of The Great Cut Price Sale

Every Lady who has visited our store during our great Cut Price Sale will tell you that she never bought GOOD MERCHANDISE at such a saving as we have offered it for the month of July. You have just one more week in which to get these goods at the Sale Price; so don't delay. We have recently received some very fine Table Linens that were delayed in shipment, and have decided to let them go in this sale. These are all new Designs, with large size Napkins to match. 60c quality, Sale Price 38c; \$1.00 quality, Sale Price 80c; \$1.25 quality, Sale Price 94c.

To procure these goods at above prices you must get them this week.

JOHN P. JONES,

MIAN STREET, MT. STERLING, KY.

RELIGIOUS.

The meeting at Antioch by Rev. Dawson closed with 36 baptisms. The Cumberland and Northern Presbyterian Publication Boards have united.

Rev. J. R. Hobbs will preach at the Union service on Sunday evening at First Presbyterian Church.

Rev. A. P. Finley, of Lexington, has received a call from the Christian Church at Worcester, Mass. He has not accepted.

The meeting at Grassy Lick closed last week with twenty-six additions. Rev. J. W. Carter, of Lexington, did the preaching.

Rev. J. D. Hancock, of Princeton, N. J., will preach at the Southern Presbyterian Church next Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock. Miss Mary Lockridge will sing.

Beginning with Wednesday the city will be filled with visitors attending the Bracken Association of Baptists. The Association sermon will be preached Wednesday evening. Rev. M. B. Adams, of Frankfort, president of the anti-slavery league, will be present and deliver an address of interest to our people. Representative active state-workers will be present.

Rev. Meacham preached at the Union service on Sunday evening. His central thought was that rejected christian men are largely responsible for the existence of the saloon in our city by reason of patronage extended. He with many others deeply lament the fact. O, that men who have named the name of Christ would depart from evil and have no fellowship with the works of darkness.

The chief incentive for the assembly of christians on the Lord's day should be the remembrance of the Christ who died as an atonement for sin. On Sunday morning there was no preaching at the Christian Church, the pastor, Bro. Clark, being away. As usual, with this congregation, the communion service was held. J. D. Hazelrigg presided. His thoughts were so appropriate and helpful that we are pleased to give our readers the benefit of them:

The fifty-third chapter of Isaiah, describing with minute particularity the circumstances attending the crucifixion of our Lord, was written many hundreds of years prior to the occurrence of the world's greatest of all tragedies, the tragedy at Golgotha.

And this memorial ordinance, sacred to the memory of Jesus Christ, and which we are here today to celebrate, has been for more than 1800 years ever witnessing to the atoning death of our Lord, as the most stupendous fact, as it is the best attested fact, of all history.

These symbols of his broken body and shed blood, set forth not

only the fact of the exceeding sinfulness of sin, since it could only be atoned for at such infinite cost, but they declare the further fact that we are sinners. And, more than that, they remind us of our utter helplessness—our absolute insufficiency in and of ourselves to retrieve our fallen fortunes. And so we should come around this board, feeling that if we are ever saved at all, it will have been through the abounding mercy of our God in Jesus Christ or Lord; feeling that we are "sinners and nothing at all, but that Jesus Christ is all in all."

From the very necessities of the situation, we are shut-up to the acceptance of Christ as our Saviour; else we are "without hope, and without God in the world." He comes to us saying, "I am the resurrection and the life; he that liveth and believeth in Me though he were dead, yet shall he live again;" "and whosoever liveth and believeth in me shall never die. "Come unto me all ye ends of the earth and be saved." And finally we get a vision of the thorn crowned Christ, with his pierced hands and feet, and bleeding side, and with sorrowful face, ever pleading with pathetic insistence that we accept, at His hands, life and peace. None other ever offered to save us; none other ever died to save us.

It is, as one drowning at sea, helpless, hopeless, but for the life-line thrown for rescue. To refuse to take it is to perish. To refuse to take it, to spurn the proffered help of our only Saviour is not only madness—it is eternal doom!

And now, in this service, as we eat this bread of life, and drink this royal wine of Heaven, we may look up to the glorified and enthroned Christ as our brother and our Lord; for he has become unto us, wisdom and righteousness, peace, sanctification and redemption.

Estill Springs.

The truth is abroad that Estill Springs this year has one of the best bands of music of any summer resort in the South, the Jenkins orchestra of Louisville; the cuisine one of the cleanest and best prepared without restriction to expense or labor. Last week the State tennis tournament was conducted in the presence of great crowds, the prizes of silver and gold and copper loving cups attracting the best players from in and out of the State. Guests praise the new proprietors, the Messrs. Riddell, and declare that Estill never was prettier or more largely attended than this season.

Cures Turkey Diseases.

Bourbon Poultry Cure. For sale by W. S. Lloyd.

Gas Well.

The Courier-Journal says a big gas well was drilled in a Powell county last week.

DEATHS.

NORTHCUTT.—S. B. Northcutt, druggist merchant of Cynthiana, is dead.

BOURNE.—Henry G. Bourne, a brother of Albert Bourne, of our city, died at his home near Wytheville, Va., July 15. He was born in this city, but moved to Virginia many years ago. He was a Confederate Veteran. His wife and nine children survive him.

SPREEN.—Mr. C. W. Spreen, who died last week in a hospital in Cincinnati, was the financial manager of the Pettibone-Bros. Manufacturing Co. He had been sick only a short time. Mr. Spreen and family visited the family of W. T. Tyler here in the month of June.

BOTTS.—Mrs. Julia Palmer Botts, wife of Geo. W. Botts, of Columbia, Mo., and sister-in-law of Miss Belle Botts, of this city, died July 8, 1906, at her home in Missouri, aged 75 years. She was born and reared in this county, and was an excellent woman and member of the Christian church.

DOLLY.—Mrs. Anna Dolly, aged nearly 77 years, widow of Edwin Dolly, deceased about 25 years, died at the home of her brother, Mr. Peter Kelly, in this city, Thursday morning, July 19, 1906. Burial in St. Thomas cemetery Saturday morning. Besides Mr. Peter Kelly, she left one brother, Charles, of Covington, who attended the funeral. Mrs. Dolly was an excellent woman and her death is mourned by a large number of friends.

GRAVES.—Henry C. Graves died at his country home near Howards Mill on Sunday night, July 22, 1906, at 11 o'clock. He had been seriously sick for a week with Bright's disease and was delirious most of the time. He was unconscious during Sunday. The funeral service was at the home Tuesday morning, conducted by Revs. H. G. Turner and J. M. Fuqua, of the Methodist Church. Rev. A. P. Finley, of the Christian Church, prayed at grave. The burial was in Machpelah in this city. Mr. Graves was a native of this, Montgomery, county, and was born April 14, 1845. He married Miss Emma Durham, of Nicholas, daughter of Jno. B. Durham. She and two daughters, Mrs. G. R. Armstrong, of this city, and Mrs. J. Ed. Grubbs, of Winchester, survive him. Mr. Graves was a member of the Christian Church, always willing and liberal in christian work. He was a kind and loving husband and father, highly respected and esteemed, a worthy and influential citizen. He rests from earth's labors, having entered into the fuller joys and privileges of the reward held for the faithful. To his loved ones we extend our words of confidence and comfort.

Temperance Items.

In this issue on first page are important items on temperance. "Local Option vs. Licensed Saloons;" "What Does the Saloon Stand For," by a gentleman at Clayton, Michigan, who wrote us; "Saloons that Kill the Liquor Business. On page four "One Year's Liquor Bill and Echoes from Bath County."

Gray Rain Coat

Lost between Sharpburg and Mt. Sterling on last Tuesday evening. Finder please leave at this office and get reward.

Arrived in Glasgow.

The Courier-Journal party arrived at Glasgow, Scotland, on Sunday. All were well and happy and only a few were sea sick.

The Kentucky Press Association is in session at Grayson Springs, until Friday noon when they go to Bowling Green for 24 hours.

Pikes Peak Forest Reserve Furnishes Valuable Material From Its Burned Areas.

Although it has been known for a number of years that fire-killed timber has a considerable value in railroad and mining operations in Colorado, it has been brought out only recently by the Forest Service that a wide number of uses are open for this timber, and that in certain respects it has actual advantage over green wood.

These facts are deduced from a study of conditions of Pikes Peak Forest Reserve, where the ravages of fire have been particularly widespread and destructive. In many instances the burned timber is the only kind available a particular point, for example, in proximity to a mine or a spur of railroad, so for timber and ties the dead material has been used for many years—fifteen years at Palmer Lake, seven years at Florissant for railroad ties, and longer than this for mine timbers. Three years ago it was first used for box boards and has proved excellent. In May, 1905, there was a sale for telephone poles.

Time elapsed since burning seems to make no great difference in the value of the wood, except that when serious checking results it loses its value for box purposes. The timber used has been burned all the way from three to fifty-five years.

At Rosemont, Colo., burned timber of all kinds is made into ties, some of the material having been burned fifty years ago. It is asserted that dry ties last as long as green ties and in many cases longer. For many purposes fire-killed timber should be preferred to green timber because it is so well seasoned.

Hazel Green.

Miss Lillie Rose is teaching the public school.

Mrs. Solomon Haney, of Long Branch, died July 15.

Mrs. D. J. Lykins, on Caney Creek, Morgan county, died on July 14.

Farm For Sale.

A farm of 115 acres, 5 miles from Mt. Sterling, well improved and watered, new barn, good residence, and all in grass. Will sell cheap. 26-tf.

On Sunday at Manitowick, Wis., while a game of base ball was in waiting lightning killed five persons.

The Cynthiana Fair will open Wednesday, Aug. 1, and continue four days. Amount of premiums \$3,927.

The ladies of the Episcopal Church will give a September Court day dinner.

The sure way to escape becoming a drunkard is to never take the first drink.

If the open saloon continues are you ready to furnish your share of the boys?

The saloon-keepers of Louisville were good on Sunday. No arrests, did completely down.

Horace Diapionnett, a farmer near Lawrenceburg, was killed by lightning.

Morgan's men will hold a reunion August 14 and 15 at Parks Hill.

Spain has granted to the United States special tariff rates.

Fair this week at Winchester.

For Fresh Groceries at Correst Prices, for Choice Strawberries and all Fruits and Vegetables in season call at

M. F. HINSON'S,
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